

Statement of Damian M. May before the Public Health Committee in support of House Bill 5811 March 10, 2008

Sen. Handley, Rep. Sayers and members of the committee:

My name is Damian May. I am the Director of Policy, Coverage and Reimbursement for VISTAKON, a division of Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc. I am here today to offer comments in regard to House Bill 5811, An Act Concerning Therapeutic Contact Lenses.

New technology, in the form of contact lenses that emit therapeutic pharmaceutical agents, is emerging to treat eye disorders. Under current US state optometry and pharmacy statutes, these combination contact lens/drug products would be available immediately for prescription and dispensing by vision care professionals in 21 states. Connecticut is a state that requires clarification, through the introduction of this bill, of the language surrounding the abilities of vision care professionals to prescribe and dispense this technology to their patients. I would like to make the following points:

- This is about an emerging technology, not a single product. The technology is
 described as using a contact lens as a drug delivery device. This device will
 provide therapeutic pharmaceutical agent directly into the eye.
- Optometrists, where the majority of patients seek vision care, would not be able to dispense these products to their patients under current law.
- Optometrists can currently prescribe and dispense contact lenses in their practice.
- Optometrists, as per statute (Chapter 380, Sect. 20-127(5)), are able to prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents to their patients.
- Pharmacies in the State of Connecticut are prohibited from dispensing contact lenses. The definition of "device" (which pharmacies are legally allowed to dispense) in the pharmacy statute specifically excludes "contact lenses" from the definition.
- Only those lenses with pharmaceutical agents that are within scope of practice would be available to the optometrists. Nothing in this legislation alters the scope of practice of the profession.
- If no change is enacted, patients will either have to seek to have their prescriptions filled at an ophthalmologist's office or through a licensed provider on the Internet.
- Most consumers in Connecticut have their vision tested and contact lenses prescribed by an Optometrist. If this bill is not passed, we fear the marketplace as it now exists in Connecticut will dramatically change and confuse consumers.



- Nothing in this law circumvents the authority of the FDA and its approval of drug products. This law is intended to ensure that these products are available to the people of Connecticut once FDA approved.
- The first of the products combines a vision correction device (Acuvue Contact Lens) with an over-the-counter anti-allergy product (ketotifen). When combined together, there is a restricted ability for patients to access this technology.

I would like to conclude by thanking the Committee for hearing this issue. VISTAKON and I stand ready to work with you on this legislation as the 2008 session proceeds. I would be happy to answer any questions you may have.